

Tier 3 Vocabulary	
globalisation	Globalisation is the process by which the world is becoming connected
	with each other.
culture	Culture is a word for people's way of life. Many different things make up
	peoples' culture. These things include food, language, clothing, tools,
	music, arts, customs, beliefs, and religion.
imports	Imports are goods brought into a country.
exports	Exports are goods sent to another country.
trade bloc	A trade bloc is where countries group together to promote trade.
borders	Borders are the official lines that separates two countries or areas.
Europeans	Europeans are people that are born, raised or living in Europe.
identities	An identity is the qualities, beliefs, traditions and culture that make a
	particular person or group different from others.
governments	A government is a group of people that has this power and authority. They
	make laws and decisions that affect all of the people that live in the area.
The European Coal and Steel	The European Coal and Steel Community is a group of countries that
Community	worked together to produce coal and steel. It was created in 1952 after
community	World War II.
Community	A community is a group of people who live close together or have shared
	interests.
economic	Economic is to do with the economy – in other words, to do with money,
common market	business, jobs and trade. The common market was created to make it easier for countries to trade
	together.
neighbouring countries	Neighbouring countries are countries which share a border.
European Union	The European Union is a group of countries
	whose governments work together. It was created in 1992 and was
	previously known as the common market.
citizens	A citizen is a person who lives in and has the rights given by a town or city.
migration	Migration means when people move from one place to another to live –
	not just for a holiday!
emigrants	An emigrant is someone who leaves one country or region in order to
	settle in another.
immigrants	An immigrant is someone who settles in a country in which they were not
	born.
push factors	Push factors are the reasons why people leave an area.
pull factors	Pull factors are the reasons why people are attracted to an area.
migrants	A migrant is a person who moves from one place to another, especially in
	order to find work or better living conditions
refugee	A refugee is a person who has moved to a new country because of a
	problem in their home country.
asylum	Asylum is a place that offers safety.
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Knowledge Organiser Year 5/6 Geography: Globalisation



Countries of the European Union